SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

Executive Office:One Sun Life Executive Park

Eligible Classes: Employee Voluntary Life Insurance

All Full-Time United States Employees working in the United States scheduled to

work at least 30 hours per week.

All Part-Time United States Employees hired prior to July 1, 2013 working in the United States scheduled to work at least 20 hours per week.

Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance

All Full-Time United States Employees working in the United States scheduled to

work at least 30 hours per week.

All Part-Time United States Employees hired prior to July 1, 2013 working in the

United States scheduled to work at least 20 hours per week.

Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance

All Full-Time United States Employees working in the United States scheduled to

work at least 30 hours per week.

All Part-Time United States Employees hired prior to July 1, 2013 working in the

United States scheduled to work at least 20 hours per week.

Eligibility Waiting Period: None

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EMPLOYEE VOLUNTARY LIFE INSURANCE

Classification: 1 All Eligible Full-Time Employees

Amount of Insurance

You may elect one of the following Options:

Option I 1 times your Basic Annual Earnings, rounded to the next higher \$10,000, if not already a

multiple of \$10,000, subject to a maximum benefit of \$500,000.

Option II 2 times your Basic Annual Earnings, rounded to the next higher \$10,000, if not already a

multiple of \$10,000, subject to a maximum benefit of \$500,000.

Option III 3 times your Basic Annual Earnings, rounded to the next higher \$10,000, if not already a

multiple of \$10,000, subject to a maximum benefit of \$500,000.

Option IV 4 times your Basic Annual Earnings, rounded to the next higher \$10,000, if not already a

multiple of \$10,000, subject to a maximum benefit of \$500,000.

Option V 5 times your Basic Annual Earnings, rounded to the next higher \$10,000, if not already a

multiple of \$10,000, subject to a maximum benefit of \$500,000.

Option VI 6 times your Basic Annual Earnings, rounded to the next higher \$10,000, if not already a

multiple of \$10,000, subject to a maximum benefit of \$500,000.

Option VII 7 times your Basic Annual Earnings, rounded to the next higher \$10,000, if not already a

multiple of \$10,000, subject to a maximum benefit of \$500,000.

Guaranteed Issue Amount

If you were insured under the Prior Policy for Employee Voluntary Life Insurance on June 30, 2022, your Guaranteed Issue Amount is the amount of Employee Voluntary Life Insurance you had in force on June 30, 2022 or \$200,000, whichever is greater.

If you were hired on or after July 1, 2022, your Guaranteed Issue Amount is \$200,000.

Evidence of Insurability

You must submit Evidence of Insurability each time you do any of the following or any of the following occur:

- · you enroll for Employee Voluntary Life Insurance as a Late Entrant in excess of Option I;
- · you apply for an increase in your amount of Employee Voluntary Life Insurance; or
- your amount of Employee Voluntary Life Insurance is in excess of the Guaranteed Issue Amount.

Any amount of insurance that requires Evidence of Insurability will NOT go into effect unless it is approved by us in writing. To submit Evidence of Insurability, you must complete an Evidence of Insurability application and send it to us. Once we receive it, we will determine whether to approve the additional insurance.

Evidence of Insurability will not be required for any salary increase above or below the Guaranteed Issue Amount.

Evidence of Insurability will not be required if you elect or elect to increase your amount of Employee Voluntary Life Insurance within 31 days following a Family Status Change, as long as the total amount of Employee Voluntary Life Insurance after the increase does not exceed the Guaranteed Issue Amount.

Age Reductions

Your amount of Employee Voluntary Life Insurance shown above reduces to:

- 65% when you reach age 65; and
- 50% when you reach age 70.

Basic Annual Earnings

Your current salary or wage from your Employer. Basic Annual Earnings includes deductions made for pre-tax contributions to a qualified deferred compensation plan, Section 125 plan, health savings account or flexible

EMPLOYEE VOLUNTARY LIFE INSURANCE

spending account, but does not include income received due to commissions, bonuses, overtime pay or any other extra compensation.

Included in this Certificate for this Class

Accelerated Benefit – for you

Portability – for you and your Spouse and your Dependent Children

Waiver of Premium

Contributions

The cost of your Employee Voluntary Life Insurance is paid for entirely by you. This is your contributory insurance.

EMPLOYEE VOLUNTARY LIFE INSURANCE

Classification: 2 All Eligible Part-Time Employees hired prior to July 1, 2013

Amount of Insurance

You may elect one of the following Options:

Option I 1 times your Basic Annual Earnings, rounded to the next higher \$10,000, if not already a

multiple of \$10,000, subject to a maximum benefit of \$500,000.

Option II 2 times your Basic Annual Earnings, rounded to the next higher \$10,000, if not already a

multiple of \$10,000, subject to a maximum benefit of \$500,000.

Option III 3 times your Basic Annual Earnings, rounded to the next higher \$10,000, if not already a

multiple of \$10,000, subject to a maximum benefit of \$500,000.

Option IV 4 times your Basic Annual Earnings, rounded to the next higher \$10,000, if not already a

multiple of \$10,000, subject to a maximum benefit of \$500,000.

Option V 5 times your Basic Annual Earnings, rounded to the next higher \$10,000, if not already a

multiple of \$10,000, subject to a maximum benefit of \$500,000.

Option VI 6 times your Basic Annual Earnings, rounded to the next higher \$10,000, if not already a

multiple of \$10,000, subject to a maximum benefit of \$500,000.

Option VII 7 times your Basic Annual Earnings, rounded to the next higher \$10,000, if not already a

multiple of \$10,000, subject to a maximum benefit of \$500,000.

Guaranteed Issue Amount

If you were insured under the Prior Policy for Employee Voluntary Life Insurance on June 30, 2022, your Guaranteed Issue Amount is the amount of Employee Voluntary Life Insurance you had in force on June 30, 2022 or \$200,000, whichever is greater.

If you were hired on or after July 1, 2022, your Guaranteed Issue Amount is \$200,000.

Evidence of Insurability

You must submit Evidence of Insurability each time you do any of the following or any of the following occur:

- you enroll for Employee Voluntary Life Insurance as a Late Entrant in excess of Option I;
- · you apply for an increase in your amount of Employee Voluntary Life Insurance; or
- your amount of Employee Voluntary Life Insurance is in excess of the Guaranteed Issue Amount.

Any amount of insurance that requires Evidence of Insurability will NOT go into effect unless it is approved by us in writing. To submit Evidence of Insurability, you must complete an Evidence of Insurability application and send it to us. Once we receive it, we will determine whether to approve the additional insurance.

Evidence of Insurability will not be required for any salary increase above or below the Guaranteed Issue Amount.

Evidence of Insurability will not be required if you elect or elect to increase your amount of Employee Voluntary Life Insurance within 31 days following a Family Status Change, as long as the total amount of Employee Voluntary Life Insurance after the increase does not exceed the Guaranteed Issue Amount.

Age Reductions

Your amount of Employee Voluntary Life Insurance shown above reduces to:

- 65% when you reach age 65; and
- 50% when you reach age 70.

Basic Annual Earnings

Your current salary or wage from your Employer. Basic Annual Earnings includes deductions made for pre-tax contributions to a qualified deferred compensation plan, Section 125 plan, health savings account or flexible

EMPLOYEE VOLUNTARY LIFE INSURANCE

spending account, but does not include income received due to commissions, bonuses, overtime pay or any other extra compensation.

Included in this Certificate for this Class

Accelerated Benefit – for you

Portability – for you and your Spouse and your Dependent Children

Waiver of Premium

Contributions

The cost of your Employee Voluntary Life Insurance is paid for entirely by you. This is your contributory insurance.

SPOUSE VOLUNTARY LIFE INSURANCE

Classification: 2 All Eligible Part-Time Employees hired prior to July 1, 2013

Amount of Insurance

You may elect an amount of Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance in \$5,000 increments.

The maximum amount you may elect is \$250,000.

Your amount of Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance cannot be more than 50% of your amount of Employee Voluntary Life Insurance.

Guaranteed Issue Amount

If you were insured under the Prior Policy for Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance on June 30, 2022, your Guaranteed Issue Amount is the amount of Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance you had in force on June 30, 2022.

If you were hired on or after July 1, 2022, your Guaranteed Issue Amount is \$50,000.

Evidence of Insurability

You must submit Evidence of Insurability for your Spouse each time you do any of the following or any of the following occur:

- · you enroll for Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance as a Late Entrant in excess of \$5,000;
- you apply for an increase in your amount of Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance; or
- · your amount of Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance is in excess of the Guaranteed Issue Amount.

Any amount of insurance requested for your Spouse that requires Evidence of Insurability will NOT go into effect unless it is approved by us in writing. To submit Evidence of Insurability, you must complete an Evidence of Insurability application for your Spouse and send it to us. Once we receive it, we will determine whether to approve the additional insurance.

Evidence of Insurability will not be required if you elect or elect to increase your amount of Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance within 31 days following a Family Status Change, as long as the total amount of Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance after the increase does not exceed the Guaranteed Issue Amount.

Age Reductions

Your amount of Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance shown above reduces to:

- 65% when you reach age 65; and
- . 50%

DEPENDENT CHILDREN VOLUNTARY LIFE INSURANCE

Classification: 1 All Eligible Full-Time Employees

Amount of Insurance

Dependent Child

You may elect an amount of Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance in \$5,000 increments.

The maximum amount you may elect is \$10,000.

Your amount of Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance cannot be more than 100% of your amount of Employee Voluntary Life Insurance.

Contributions

The cost of your Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance is paid for entirely by you. This is your contributory insurance.

DEPENDENT CHILDREN VOLUNTARY LIFE INSURANCE

Classification: 2 All Eligible Part-Time Employees hired prior to July 1, 2013

Amount of Insurance

Dependent Child

You may elect an amount of Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance in \$5,000

Actively at Work

Evidence of Insurability means proof that you or your Spouse are insurable, as determined by us, for the insurance you requested under this Certificate which requires such Evidence of Insurability. You must submit to us an Evidence of Insurability application that provides information concerning your or your Spouse's medical history. You and your Spouse must agree to submit to a paramedical or other physical examination or tests and/or provide copies of medical records upon our request. We will pay the cost of such examination or test.

Family Member means: (a) your spouse, civil union partner or domestic partner and (b) the following relatives of you or your spouse, civil union partner or domestic partner: (1) parent; (2) grandparent; (3) child; (4) grandchild; (5) brother or sister; (6) aunt or uncle; (7) first cousin; (8) nephew or niece. This includes adopted, in-law and step-relatives.

Family Status Change means one of the following events:

- your marriage or divorce;
- · the birth of your child;
- the adoption of a child by you;
- the death of your spouse or child;
- the commencement or termination of employment of your spouse;
- the change from part-time to full-time employment by you or your spouse;
- the change from full-time to part-time employment by you or your spouse;
- · the taking of an unpaid leave of absence by you or your spouse; or
- a significant change in your health coverage or your spouse's health coverage as a result of your spouse's employment.

Full-time Student means a Dependent Child who:

- is attending on a full-time basis a post-secondary school licensed as such by the jurisdiction in which it is located; and
- is enrolled for at least the minimum number of course credits required by such school to maintain standing as a full-time student.

Guaranteed Issue Amount means the maximum amount of insurance available to you and your Spouse under the Policy without having to provide Evidence of Insurability. The Guaranteed Issue Amount is shown in the Benefit Highlights.

Hospital means a facility licensed in the applicable jurisdiction that provides medical care and treatment to sick and injured persons on an inpatient basis with 24 hour nursing service by or under the supervision of a Physician.

Injury means bodily impairment.

Insured means any person covered under the Policy.

Late Entrant means you enroll for any insurance more than 31 days after you first become eligible to enroll in it.

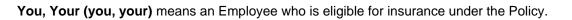
Layoff means that you are temporarily not Actively at Work for a period of time your Employer agreed to in Writing. Your normal vacation time is not cons

The Physician cannot be you, a business associate or any Family Member.

Policy means the group insurance policy under which this Certificate is issued.

Policyholder means the entity to which the Policy is issued.

Proof



3. ELIGIBILITY, EFFECTIVE DATES AND TERMINATION OF EMPLOYEE INSURANCE

When are you eligible for Employee Voluntary Life Insurance?

You are initially eligible for insurance on the latest of:

- July 1, 2022;
- your first day of employment; or
- the date you first are Actively at Work in an Eligible Class.

When must you enroll for Employee Voluntary Life Insurance?

You must enroll within 31 days of the date you are initially eligible, otherwise you will be considered a Late Entrant.

If you decide later you want to enroll for Employee Voluntary Life Insurance, you will not be allowed to enroll until the next Enrollment Period unless you have a Family Status Change.

Evidence of Insurability will be required.

When does Employee Voluntary Life Insurance start?

If you are not a Late Entrant, your Employee Voluntary Life Insurance up to your applicable Guaranteed Issue Amount starts on the later of the date:

- · you are eligible; or
- · you enroll and agree to make any required contribution toward the cost of the insurance; and you are Actively at Work on that date.

If Evidence of Insurability is required for any amount of Employee Voluntary Life Insurance in excess of the Guaranteed Issue Amount or you enroll as a Late Entrant, that amount will not start until we approve it in writing, provided you are Actively at Work on that date.

If you are not Actively at Work, your Employee Voluntary Life Insurance will not start until you resume being Actively at Work.

When can you make changes in Employee Voluntary Life Insurance?

You may request a change in your Employee Voluntary Life Insurance benefit elections during any Enrollment Period after you are covered under the Policy and Actively at Work.

You may also request a change in Employee Voluntary Life Insurance at any time due to a Family Status Change. Such request must be made within 31 days of the date the Family Status Change occurred.

Evidence of Insurability may be required for any change in Employee Voluntary Life Insurance as specified in the Benefit Highlights.

When does a change in your Employee Voluntary Life Insurance start?

If you are Actively at Work, any increase in insurance or benefits (other than Family Status Changes) will start:

- on the date of change, when you transfer to a different class of eligible Employees;
- · on the July 1st following the date of change, when you apply for a different coverage option;
- on the date of change, for an increase in your Basic Annual Earnings; or
- · on the date we approve any required Evidence of Insurability.

If Evidence of Insurability is required for any increase in your amount of Employee Voluntary Life Insurance, the increase in your insurance will not start until we approve the increase in writing, provided you are Actively at Work on that date.

If you are not Actively at Work, any increase in insurance or benefits will not start until you resume being Actively at Work.

Any reduction in insurance due to your age will start on the July 1st following the date of change, whether or not you are Actively at Work.

Whether or not you are Actively at Work, any other reduction in Employee Voluntary Life Insurance for reasons other than an age reduction or a Family Status Change will start:

on the date of change, when you transfer to a different class of eligible Employees;

3. ELIGIBILITY, EFFECTIVE DATES AND TERMINATION OF EMPLOYEE INSURANCE

- on the date of change, when you reduce coverage; or
- on the date of change, for a decrease in your Basic Annual Earnings.

If you are Actively at Work, any increase in Employee Voluntary Life Insurance or benefits due to a Family Status Change will start on the later of:

- the date you apply for such change in coverage, if you applied within 31 days of the Family Status Change;
- the date you agree to make any required contribution toward the cost of insurance;
- · the date of the Family Status Change; or
- the date we approve any required Evidence of Insurability.

If Evidence of Insurability is required for any increase in your amount of Employee Voluntary Life Insurance, the increase in your insurance will not start until we approve the increase in writing, provided you are Actively at Work on that date.

If you are not Actively at Work, any increase in insurance will not start until you resume being Actively at Work.

Any reduction in insurance due to a Family Status Change will start on the date of the Family Status Change, whether or not you are Actively at Work.

When does Employee Voluntary Life Insurance end?

Your Employee Voluntary Life Insurance under the Policy will end upon the earliest of the following:

- the date the Policy terminates;
- the date you are no longer in an Eligible Class;
- the date your class is no longer included for Employee Voluntary Life Insurance;
- the last day for which any required premium has been paid for your Employee Voluntary Life Insurance;
- the date you request in Writing to end your Employee Voluntary Life Insurance;
- the last day you are Actively at Work, subject to the Insurance Continuation or Portability provision;
- the date you enter active duty in any armed service, subject to the Insurance Continuation provision;
- · the date you retire; or
- the date you die.

If your Employee Voluntary Life Insurance has ended, can it be reinstated?

If your insurance ends for any reason other than you have voluntarily terminated it, then you may apply to reinstate your insurance within 12 months from the date it ended. To reinstate, you must apply within 31 days after you return to being Actively at Work in an Eligible Class. Reinstatement will be effective on the later of the date:

- · you agree to make any required contribution toward the cost of your insurance; and
- you are Actively at Work.

Your reinstated insurance will be:

- · the same insurance you had prior to the termination of your insurance; and
- subject to all the terms and provisions of the Policy.

Evidence of Insurability will be required if you apply for an increase in your amount of insurance in excess of your reinstated insurance.

Coverage will not be reinstated for any amount of insurance which you converted in accordance with the Conversion Privilege or continued under the Portability provision, unless you cancel such coverage.

4. ELIGIBILITY, EFFECTIVE DATES AND TERMINATION OF SPOUSE INSURANCE

When are you eligible for Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance?

If you are in an Eligible Class, you are initially eligible for Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance on the latest of:

- July 1, 2022;
- the date you are eligible for Employee Voluntary Life Insurance; or
- · the date you acquire a Spouse.

When must you enroll for Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance?

You must enroll within 31 days of the date you are initially eligible for Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance, otherwise you will be considered a Late Entrant for Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance.

If you decide later you want to enroll for Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance, you will not be allowed to enroll until the next Enrollment Period unless you have a Family Status Change.

Evidence of Insurability for your Spouse will be required.

You may not enroll for Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance unless you are enrolled in Employee Voluntary Life Insurance.

When does Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance start?

If you are not a Late Entrant, your Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance up to your Spouse's applicable Guaranteed Issue Amount starts on the latest of the date:

- · you are eligible for Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance;
- · you are insured for Employee Voluntary Life Insurance;
- you enroll for Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance and you agree to make any required contribution toward the cost of insurance; and

you are Actively at Work on that date and your Spouse is not Confined on that date.

If Evidence of Insurability is required for any amount of Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance in excess of the Guaranteed Issue Amount or you enroll as a Late Entrant, that amount will not start until we approve it in writing, provided you are Actively at Work on that date and your Spouse is not Confined on that date.

If you are not Actively at Work, your Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance will not start until you resume being Actively at Work.

If your Spouse is Confined, your Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance will not start until your Spouse is no longer Confined.

When can you make changes in Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance?

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4. ELIGIBILITY, EFFECTIVE DATES AND TERMINATION OF SPOUSE INSURANCE

If you are not Actively at Work, any increase in Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance will not start until you resume being Actively at Work.

If your Spouse is Confined, your increase in Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance will not start until your Spouse is no longer Confined.

Any reduction in Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance or benefits due to your age will start on the July 1st following the date of change, whether or not you are Actively at Work or your Spouse is Confined.

Whether or not you are Actively at Work, any other reduction in Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance for reasons other than an age reduction or a Family Status Change will start:

- on the date of change, when you transfer to a different class of eligible Employees;
- · on the date of change, when you reduce coverage.

If you are Actively at Work, any increase in Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance or benefits due to a Family Status Change will start on the latest of:

- the date you apply for such change in Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance, if you applied within 31 days of the Family Status Change; or
- · the date you agree to make any required contribution toward the cost of insurance; or
- · the date of your Family Status Change; or
- the date we approve any required Evidence of Insurability for your Spouse.

If Evidence of Insurability is required for any increase in your amount of Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance, the increase will not start until we approve the increase in writing, provided you are Actively at Work on that date.

Your Spouse must not be Confined on the date of the increase in benefits.

If you are not Actively at Work, any increase in Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance will not start until you resume being Actively at Work.

If your Spouse is Confined, your increase in Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance will not start until your Spouse is no longer Confined.

Whether or not you are Actively at Work, any reduction in Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance or benefits due to a Family Status Change will start on the date of your Family Status Change.

When does Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance end?

Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance will end on the earliest of the following to occur:

- the date the Policy terminates;
- the date you are no longer in an Eligible Class;
- the date your class is no longer included for Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance;
- the last day for which any required premium has been paid for your Employee Voluntary Life Insurance or your Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance;
- the date you are no longer insured for Employee Voluntary Life Insurance under the Policy;
- the date you request in Writing to end your Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance;
- the last day you are Actively at Work, subject to the Insurance Continuation or Portability provision;
- the date your Spouse enters active duty in any armed service;
- the date your Spouse no longer meets the definition of Spouse as described in this Certificate;
- the date you retire;
- the date you are approved for the Waiver of Premium Benefit;
- the date you die; or
- · the date your Spouse dies.

5. ELIGIBILITY, EFFECTIVE DATES AND TERMINATION OF DEPENDENT CHILDREN INSURANCE

When are you eligible for Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance?

If you are in an Eligible Class, you are initially eligible for Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance on the latest of:

- July 1, 2022;
- · the date you are eligible for Employee Voluntary Life Insurance; or
- the date you acquire a Dependent Child.

When must you enroll for Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance?

You must enroll within 31 days of the date you are initially eligible for Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance.

If you decide later you want to enroll for Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance, you will not be allowed to enroll until the next Enrollment Period unless you have a Family Status Change.

You may not enroll for Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance unless you are enrolled in Employee Voluntary Life Insurance.

When does Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance start?

Your Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance starts on the latest of the date:

- · you are eligible for Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance;
- · you are insured for Employee Voluntary Life Insurance; or
- you enroll for Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance and you agree to make any required contribution toward the cost of insurance; and

you are Actively at Work on that date and your Dependent Child is not Confined on that date.

If you are not Actively at Work, your Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance will not start until you resume being Actively at Work.

If your Dependent Child is Confined, Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance for that Child will not start until that Child is no longer Confined. Confinement does not apply to a newborn child.

When can you make changes in Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance?

You may request a change in your Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance benefit elections during any Enrollment Period after you are covered under the Policy and Actively at Work.

You may also request a change in Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance at any time due to a Family Status Change. Such request must be made within 31 days of the date the Family Status Change occurred.

When does a change in Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance start?

If you are Actively at Work, any increase in Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance or benefits (other than Family Status Changes) will start;

· on the July 1st following the date of change, when you apply for a different incremental amount; or

5. ELIGIBILITY, EFFECTIVE DATES AND TERMINATION OF DEPENDENT CHILDREN INSURANCE

If you are Actively at Work, any increase in Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance or benefits due to a Family Status Change will start on the latest of:

- the date you apply for such change in Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance, if you applied within 31 days of Family Status Change; or
- · the date you agree to make any required contribution toward the cost of insurance; or
- · the date of your Family Status Change.

Your Dependent Child must not be Confined on the date of the increase in benefits.

If you are not Actively at Work, any increase in Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance will not start until you resume being Actively at Work.

If your Dependent Child is Confined, the increase will not start for that Dependent Child until the Dependent Child is no longer Confined. Confinement does not apply to a newborn child.

Whether or not you are Actively at Work, any reduction in Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance or benefits due to a Family Status Change will start on the date of your Family Status Change.

How can you add a child or children to your Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance?

After you and a Dependent Child are covered under the Policy, and you are Actively at Work, any child who becomes one of your Dependent Children will automatically be covered without Evidence of Insurability.

How does Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance apply to newborn children, newly placed foster children or newly adopted children?

If you are insured under the Policy but do not have Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance when a newborn child, newly placed foster child or newly adopted child becomes one of your Dependent Children, then such child will automatically be covered for 31 days from the date that child becomes your Dependent Child. To continue coverage beyond 31 days, you must:

- enroll for Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance within 31 days from the date the newborn child, newly
 placed foster child or newly adopted child becomes your Dependent Child; and
- pay the required premium to continue your Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance.

If you are covered under the Policy and have Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance when a newborn child, newly placed foster child or newly adopted child becomes one of your Dependent Children, then such child will automatically be covered.

When does Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance end?

Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance will end on the earliest of the following to occur:

- · the date the Policy terminates;
- the date you are no longer in an Eligible Class;
- the date your class is no longer included for Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance;
- the last day for which any required premium has been paid for your Employee Voluntary Life Insurance or your Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance;
- the date you are no longer insured for Employee Voluntary Life Insurance under the Policy;
- the date you request in Writing to end your Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance;
- the last day you are Actively at Work, subject to the Insurance Continuation or Portability provision;
- the date your Dependent Child enters active duty in any armed service;
- the date your Dependent Child no longer warDamETBT/F3 10 Tf1 0 0 1 0 388T/F14 10 Tf1 0 0 14ive du2yte aDithin 31 da

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6. COVERED EMPLOYEE VOLUNTARY LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS

EMPLOYEE VOLUNTARY LIFE INSURANCE BENEFIT

What is the Employee Voluntary Life Insurance benefit?

If you die while insured under the Policy and we approve the claim, we will pay your Beneficiary your Employee Voluntary Life Insurance benefit according to the provisions of the Policy.

What is the amount of the Employee Voluntary Life Insurance benefit?

If you die while insured under the Policy, we will pay an Employee Voluntary Life Insurance benefit equal to the lesser of:

- · your elected Employee Voluntary Life Insurance amount as shown in the Benefit Highlights; or
- the Employee Guaranteed Issue Amount as shown in the Benefit Highlights, plus any amount of insurance over your Guaranteed Issue Amount for which we have approved your Evidence of Insurability.

Your Employee Voluntary Life Insurance benefit cannot exceed the maximum benefit for Voluntary Life Insurance as shown in the Benefit Highlights.

Your amount of Employee Voluntary Life Insurance is subject to the Exclusions and any Evidence of Insurability requirements, age reductions or terminations according to the provisions of the Policy.

If you had previously exercised the Policy's Conversion Privilege or Portability provision, your amount of Employee Voluntary Life Insurance will be reduced by the amount of any insurance under any coverage issued to you as a result of the exercise of those provisions unless you cancel such coverage.

WAIVER OF PREMIUM BENEFIT

What is the Waiver of Premium Benefit?

If you become Totally Disabled while insured, the Waiver of Premium Benefit may continue your Employee Voluntary Life Insurance while you remain Totally Disabled without any further payment of premiums by you or your Employer.

When are you eligible for the Waiver of Premium Benefit?

You are eligible for the Waiver of Premium Benefit if we receive notice of claim and Proof of claim that you became Totally Disabled:

- · while insured; and
- before your 60th birthday; and
- before your Retirement; and
- · your Total Disability has continued for at least 6 consecutive months (Elimination Period); and
- we approve and continue to approve your claim.

Elimination Period means a period of continuous days of your Total Disability before a Waiver of Premium benefit is available. The Elimination Period begins on your first day of Total Disability.

What is the amount of Life Insurance benefit that is continued under the Waiver of Premium Benefit? We will continue the amount of your Employee Voluntary Life Insurance in force on the last day you were Actively at Work. This amount remains subject to the Policy's terms and conditions.

If you are eligible for the Waiver of Premium Benefit and you have received an Accelerated Benefit from us, the amount of insurance on which nue your Employee

6. COVERED EMPLOYEE VOLUNTARY LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS

When are you eligible for an Accelerated Benefit? You are eligible for an Accelerated Benefit if:

- you are Actively at Work under the Policy; and
- you have been insured under the Policy for Employee Voluntary Life Insurance for at least 60 days. (This includes any period of time you were insured under the prior insurer's group life policy); and

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6. COVERED EMPLOYEE VOLUNTARY LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS

If you have been continuously insured under the Policy for at least five years, and all or part of your life insurance ceases or is reduced due to:

- · a revision to the Policy to reduce the amount of Employee Voluntary Life Insurance in your Eligible Class;
- · a revision to the Policy to terminate your Eligible Class; or
- termination of the Employee Voluntary Life Insurance benefit provision.

then you may apply for an individual life insurance policy. The maximum amount of the policy will be the lesser of:

- \$10,000; or
- the amount that ceased or reduced, reduced by any amount of life insurance that you become eligible for under any group policy within 31 days after your insurance ceased or reduced.

You will be issued an individual life insurance policy without providing Evidence of Insurability.

How can you exercise the Conversion Privilege?

To exercise the Conversion Privilege, you must apply for it in writing and pay the first premium within 31 days following the date your insurance ceases or reduces. This is your 31 Day Conversion Period.

May the time to exercise the Conversion Privilege be extended beyond the 31 Day Conversion Period?

7. COVERED SPOUSE VOLUNTARY LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS

SPOUSE VOLUNTARY LIFE INSURANCE BENEFIT

What is the Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance benefit?

7. COVERED SPOUSE VOLUNTARY LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS

 the amount that ceased or reduced, reduced by any amount of life insurance that your Spouse becomes eligible for under any group policy within 31 days after your Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance ceased or reduced.

You or your Spouse will be issued an individual life insurance policy without providing Evidence of Insurability.

How can you or your Spouse exercise the Conversion Privilege?

To exercise the Conversion Privilege, you or your Spouse must apply for it in writing and pay the first premium within 31 days following the date your Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance ceases or reduces. This is your Spouse's 31 Day Conversion Period.

May the time to exercise the Conversion Privilege be extended beyond the 31 Day Conversion Period? If you or your Spouse are not provided notice by your Employer of your or your Spouse's right to exercise the Conversion Privilege within 15 days following the date your Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance ceases or reduces, you or your Spouse will have an additional 15 days from the end of the 31 Day Conversion Period to exercise it. Otherwise, you or your Spouse must exercise the Conversion Privilege within the 31 Day Conversion Period.

What type of individual life insurance policy is available?

The individual life policy may be any plan of life insurance offered by us for the purposes of conversion, at the attained age and the amount requested up to the amount that ceased or reduced. The individual life policy will not include any additional benefits such as waiver of premium benefit or an accelerated benefit.

The premium for the individual life insurance policy will be determined by the policy type and amount of the individual life insurance policy and the rate we charge for the standard class of risk and age to which your Spouse belongs on the effective date of the individual life insurance policy.

When does the individual life insurance policy start?

If your or your Spouse's application for the individual life insurance policy is received and the first premium is paid when due, the effective date of the individual life insurance policy will be the day after the 31 Day Conversion Period.

What happens if your Spouse dies within 31 days of the date your Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance ceases or reduces?

If your Spouse dies within 31 days of the date your Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance ceases or reduces, and we receive notice of claim and Proof of claim, a death benefit will be paid to you whether or not application for the individual life insurance policy or payment of the first premium has been made. The death benefit will be the amount of Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance that you would have been eligible to convert on the life of your Spouse. If your Spouse dies more than 31 days after the date your Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance ceases or reduces, no death benefit is payable for that person. Thus, even if your Spouse dies during a period of time in which you or your Spouse may still exercise the Conversion Privilege, but that period of time is more than 31 days after the date your Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance ceases or reduces, no death benefit is payable for that person.

8. COVERED DEPENDENT CHILDREN VOLUNTARY LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS

DEPENDENT CHILDREN VOLUNTARY LIFE INSURANCE BENEFIT

What is the Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance benefit?

If your Dependent Child dies while insured under the Policy and we approve the claim, we will pay a Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance benefit to you according to the provisions of the Policy.

What is the amount of the Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance benefit?

If your Dependent Child dies while insured under the Policy, we will pay a Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance benefit equal to your elected Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance amount as shown in the Benefit Highlights.

Your Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance benefit cannot exceed the maximum benefit for Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance as shown in the Benefit Highlights.

Your amount of Dependent Children Voluntary Life Insurance

8. COVERED DEPENDENT CHILDREN VOLUNTARY LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS

You or your Dependent Child will be issued an individual life insurance policy without providing Evidence of Insurability.

How can you or your Dependent Child exercise the Conversion Privilege?

To exercise the Conversion Privilege, you or your Dependent Child must apply for it in writing and pay the first

9. EXCLUSION

10. CLAIM PROVISIONS

How is a claim for Life Insurance benefits submitted?

You or someone on your behalf or a Beneficiary must send us written notice of claim and Proof of claim within the time limits specified below. Your Employer has the notice of claim and Proof of claim forms.

NOTICE OF CLAIM

When does written notice of claim have to be submitted?

For a Life Insurance benefit, written notice of claim must be given to us no later than 30 days after the date of death.

For a Waiver of Premium Benefit, written notice of claim must be given to us no later than 12 months after the date you cease to be Actively at Work.

If notice cannot be given within the applicable time period, we must be notified as soon as it is reasonably possible.

When we receive written notice of claim, we will send the forms for Proof of claim. If the forms are not received within 15 days after written notice of claim is sent, Proof of claim may be sent to us without waiting to receive the Proof of claim forms.

PROOF OF CLAIM

When does written Proof of claim have to be submitted?

For a Life Insurance benefit, written Proof of claim must be given to us no later than 90 days after date of death.

For a Waiver of Premium Benefit, written Proof of claim must be given to us no later than 15 months after the date you cease to be Actively at Work.

If Proof cannot be given within the time limit, Proof must be given as soon as reasonably possible. Proof of claim may not be given later than one year after the time Proof is otherwise required unless you are legally incompetent.

What is considered Proof of claim?

Proof of claim must consist of at least the following information:

- a description of the loss or disability;
- the date the loss or disability occurred;
- the cause of the loss or disability;
- hospital records, physician records, x-rays, narrative reports, or lab, toxicology or other diagnostic testing materials as needed to determine the claim;
- police accident reports;
- the Death Certificate: and
- any other information we may require to make a claim determination.

We may require as part of the Proof, authorizations to obtain medical and non-medical information.

PAYMENT OF BENEFITS

When are benefits payable?

Benefits are payable when we receive Proof of claim that establishes benefit eligibility according to the provisions of the Policy and we approve the claim.

When will a decision on your claim be made?

We will send you a written notice of our decision on your claim within a reasonable time after we receive the claim but not later than 45 days after receipt of the claim. If we cannot make a decision within 45 days after receiving

10. CLAIM PROVISIONS

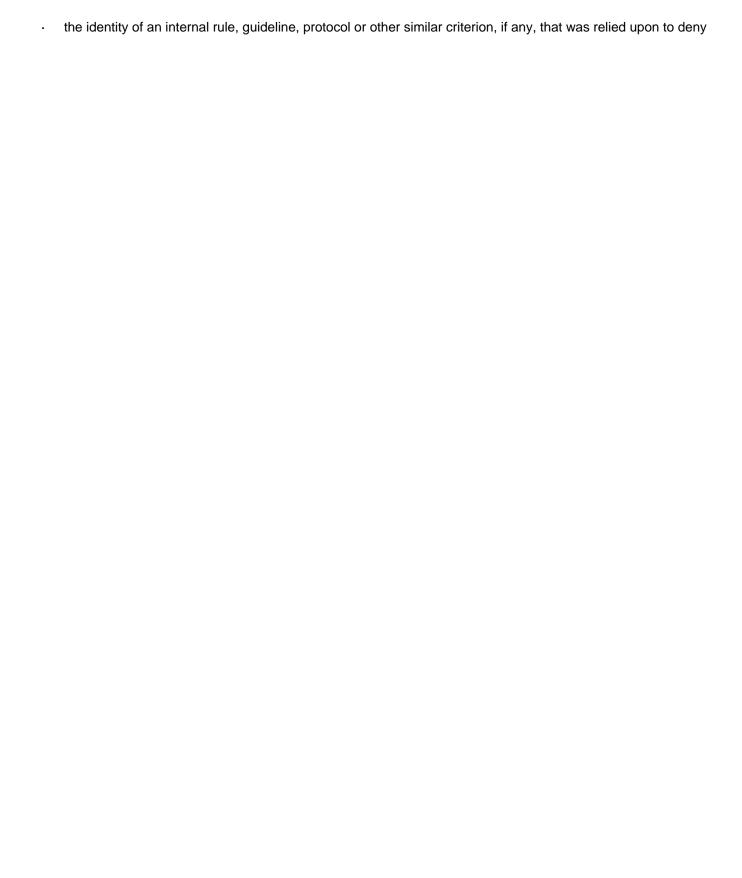
your claim, we will request a 30 day extension. If we cannot render a decision within the extension period, we will request an additional 30 day extension. Any request for extension will specifically explain:

- the standards on which entitlement to benefits is based:
- · the unresolved issues that prevent a decision on the claim; and
- · the additional information needed to resolve those issues.

If a period of time is extended because you failed to provide necessary information, the period for making the benefit determination is tolled from the date we send notice of the extension to you until the date on which you respond to the request for additional information. You will have 45 days to provide the specified information.

What if your claim is denied?

10. CLAIM PROVISIONS



11. INSURANCE CONTINUATION

Are there any conditions under which your Employer can continue your insurance?

While the Policy is in force and subject to the conditions stated in the Policy, your Employer may continue your insurance that was in force on the date immediately before the date you ceased to be Actively at Work by paying the required premium to us for any of the following reasons and durations:

- · Absence due to Injury or Sickness up to 12 months
- Layoff up to 1 month
- · Leave of Absence up to 1 month
- · School Recess up to 3 months
- · Vacation based on your Employer's policy, not to exceed 3 months.

You should contact your Employer for more details.

While the Policy is in force, if you are Totally Disabled on the date you cease to be Actively at Work, you may be eligible for the Waiver of Premium Benefit.

While the Policy is in force, you may be eligible to continue your insurance pursuant to the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, as amended or continue coverage pursuant to a state required continuation period (if any). You should contact your Employer for more details.

While the Policy is in force, you may be eligible to continue your insurance coverage pursuant to the Uniformed SerW10 0 1 18bfoSnde1pd Medicabcontinn conedicaRights pinsurance cBTk1dto the Uniformed

12. PORTABILITY

What is portable insurance and when are you eligible for it?

Portable insurance is an optional benefit that you may elect to continue your insurance for each Insured without Evidence of Insurability if your insurance ends because you terminate employment; and you meet the following requirements:

- · the Policy is still in force; and
- you are under age 70 at the time employment terminates; and
- · you have not retired; and
- the hours you work for your Employer have not been reduced; and
- · your insurance is not being continued under any Insurance Continuation provision; and
- · your insurance is not being continued under the Waiver of Premium Benefit; and
- · you have not exercised your portable insurance right under a similar certificate issued by us; and
- · you reside in the United States or Canada on the date your insurance ends.

You may not elect portable insurance for your Spouse or Dependent Children if you have not elected portable insurance for yourself.

If you convert your coverage under any Conversion Privilege of the Policy, you will not be eligible to apply for portable insurance for that same coverage.

When must you apply for portable insurance?

You must complete an application for portable insurance and send it to us with payment of the first premium within 31 days of the date your employment terminates. The application for portable insurance is available from your Employer.

What is the amount of portable insurance you can apply for?

You may apply for portable insurance in an amount up to 100% of each Insured's amount of insurance in force under the Policy on the date your employment terminates to a maximum of \$500,000 for each Insured. Amounts in excess of the maximum may be converted to an individual life insurance policy.

If you are insured for Basic Life Insurance, Voluntary Life Insurance, Basic Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance and/or Voluntary Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance under a Policy issued by us, the total combined amount of portable insurance you may apply for cannot exceed \$1,000,000 per Insured.

When does your portable insurance start?

After your employment terminates, portable insurance will start on the later of the following:

- · the date we approve the application for portable insurance; or
- the date we receive the first premium payment for portable insurance.

Your portable insurance will be provided under an insurance policy we make available for this purpose. Your portable insurance may not be identical to your current insurance under the Policy. The premium for the portable insurance will be determined by the amount of portable insurance and the rate charged for the standard class of risk and age to which each Insured belongs on the effective date of the portable insurance policy.

If your application for portable insurance is declined, you will be given a 31-day period to apply for an individual life insurance policy under the Conversion Privilege.

13. CONTINUITY OF COVERAGE

What happens if your Employer replaces other insurance with this Certificate and the Policy?

If your Employer replaces insurance provided by another insurance company ("Prior Policy") with the insurance provided by this Certificate and the Policy ("This Policy"), the Continuity of Coverage benefits in this Section may be available to you. These benefits will be available if the insurance and level of benefits under the Prior Policy were substantially similar to the insurance provided by This Policy.

What if you are not Actively at Work when your Employer's Prior Policy is replaced with This Policy?

You will be insured under This Policy if you are not Actively at Work on July 1, 2022 and:

- you were insured under your Employer's Prior Policy on the day before July 1, 2022;
- · you are a member of an Eligible Class;
- · your Employer continues to remit premiums for your coverage; and
- · you are not receiving or eligible to receive benefits under the Employer's Prior Policy.

Any benefit payable will be the lesser of:

- · the benefit payable under This Policy; or
- the benefit payable under your Employer's Prior Policy.

What if your Spouse or Dependent Child is Confined when your Employer's Prior Policy is replaced with This Policy and you are Actively at Work?

Your Spouse or Dependent Child will be insured under This Policy on July 1, 2022 and:

- your Spouse or Dependent Child was insured under your Employer's Prior Policy on the day before July 1, 2022;
- · you are a member of an Eligible Class for Spouse or Dependent Child coverage;
- · your Employer continues to remit premiums for your Spouse or Dependent Child coverage; and
- you are not receiving or eligible to receive Spouse or Dependent Child benefits under your Employer's Prior Policy.

Any benefit payable will be the lesser of:

- · the benefit payable under This Policy; or
- the benefit payable under your Employer's Prior Policy.

14. GENERAL PROVISIONS

AGENCY

Can the Policyholder, Employer or third party administrator act as our agent?

For all purposes of the Policy, the Policyholder, Employer or third party administrator acts on its own behalf or as your agent. Under no circumstances will the Policyholder, Employer or third party administrator be deemed an agent of Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada.

ALTERATION

Who can alter this Certificate?

The only persons with the authority to alter or modify this Certificate or to waive any of its provisions are our president, actuary, secretary or one of our vice presidents and any such changes must be in Writing.

ASSIGNMENT

Can benefits be assigned?

You can transfer ownership of your Employee Voluntary Life Insurance under the Policy by means of an assignment. All your rights and duties as an eligible employee are transferred to the assignee. The assignee can make any change the Policy allows, consistent with the assignment, such as a change of Beneficiary.

Any assignment must be in Writing and on file with your Employer and will take effect as of the date Signed. We will honor your prior assignment of rights and benefits under the Employer's plan whether or not this policy is specified in the assignment. If we have taken any action or made payment prior to receiving notice of the assignment, the assignment will not affect any action or payment by us. We will not be responsible for the legal, tax or other effects of any assignment.

BENEFICIARY

How can you change your Beneficiary?

You can change your Beneficiary at any time, unless you have made an irrevocable Beneficiary designation or you have assigned your interest in your Employee Voluntary Life Insurance to another person. Any request for change in Beneficiary must be in Writing, in a manner acceptable to us, dated and Signed by you and on file with your Employer. It will take effect as of the date Signed. If we have taken any action or make payment before receiving notice of a change in Beneficiary, the change will not affect any action or payment made by us. The Beneficiary's consent is not required to change the beneficiary, unless the current beneficiary designation is irrevocable.

CLERICAL ERROR

What happens when there is a clerical error in the administration of the Policy?

Clerical errors in with the administration of the Policy or delays in keeping records for the Policy whether by us, the Policyholder, or the Employer:

- · will not terminate insurance that would otherwise have been effective.
- · will not continue insurance that would otherwise have ceased or should not have been in effect.

If appropriate, a fair adjustment of premium will be made to correct the error subject to the "Limit of Premium Refunds" section.

This provision does not apply to benefit administration errors by the Policyholder or the Employer which results in an Employee:

- not enrolling for insurance within required time limits;
- not providing required Evidence of Insurability;

14. GENERAL PROVISIONS

- · failing to request increased amounts of insurance within required time limits; or
- failing to exercise any available Conversion Privilege, Insurance Continuation or Portability options.

CONFORMITY WITH STATUTES

What is the effect of Conformity with Statutes?

If any provision of the Policy conflicts with any applicable law, the provision will be automatically amended to meet the minimum requirements of the law, except as otherwise pre-empted by federal law.

DISCHARGE OF OUR RESPONSIBILITY

What is the effect of payments under the Policy?

Payment made under the terms of the Policy will, to the extent of such payment, release us from all further obligations under the Policy. We will not be obligated to see to the application of such payment.

EXAMINATION AND AUTOPSY

What are our examination and autopsy rights?

We, at our expense, have the right to have any insured with respect to whom a claim has been filed:

- · examined by a Physician, other health professional or vocational expert of our choice; and/or
- interviewed by an authorized representative.

We, at our expense, may have an autopsy conducted unless prohibited by law.

INCONTESTABILITY

What is the Incontestability Provision?

Except for non-payment of premium or claims incurred within two years of the effective date of an Insured's initial, increased, additional or reinstated insurance, no statement made by an Insured relating to insurability for such insurance will be used to contest the validity of that insurance after the insurance has been in force for a period of two years during that individual's lifetime. The statement must be contained in a form signed by that individual and provided to the Policyholder or to us.

This provision shall not preclude the assertion at any time of a defense to a claim based upon the Insured's eligibility for insurance.

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

What are the time limits for legal proceedings?

No legal action may start:

- · until 60 days after Proof has been given; or
- more than 3 years after the time Proof of claim is required.

LIMIT OF PREMIUM REFUNDS

Is there a limit on premium refunds?

Whether premiums were paid in error or otherwise, we will refund only that part of the excess premium that was paid during the 12-month period that preceded the date we learned of such overpayment.

14. GENERAL PROVISIONS

MISSTATEMENT OF FACTS

What happens if there is a misstatement of facts in the administration of the Policy?

If relevant facts about the Employer or Employee relating to this insurance are determined not to be accurate:

- · a fair adjustment of premium will be made, subject to the "Limit of Premium Refunds" section; and
- the actual facts will decide whether, and in what amount, and for what duration insurance is valid under the Policy.

NON-PARTICIPATING

Does the Policy participate in dividends?

The Policy is non-participating and will not share in any profits or surplus earnings of Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada and, therefore, no dividends are payable.

PREMIUM PAYMENTS AS EVIDENCE OF INSURANCE

Does the payment of premiums guarantee coverage under the Policy?

The receipt of premiums by us is not a guarantee of insurance. Eligibility for benefits will be determined at the time of claim submission and in order to receive a benefit under the Policy, all Policy requirements must be satisfied. If we determine that you or your Spouse or your Dependent Child are not eligible for coverage, you should contact your Employer regarding the refund of premiums due, if any.

REIMBURSEMENT

What if a benefit is underpaid or overpaid?

Reimbursement will be made to us for any overpayments that we may make due to any reason.

You must repay us within 60 days unless we agree to a longer time period. Deductions may be made from future benefit payments to recover any such overpayments.

If we have underpaid a benefit for any reason, we will make a lump sum payment for that amount.

Interest does not accrue on any underpaid or overpaid benefit unless required under the applicable law.

STATEMENTS

Are statements warranties?

In the absence of fraud, all statements made in any application are considered representations and not warranties. No representation by you in enrolling for insurance under the Policy will be used to reduce or deny a claim unless it is contained in your written application, signed by you, and a copy of your written application for insurance is or has been given to you, your Beneficiary, if any, or to your estate representative.

TIME PERIODS

What time periods apply to this Certificate?

For the purpose of effective dates and termination dates under this Certificate, all days begin at 12:00 midnight and end at 11:59:59 PM at the Policyholder's location.

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

Group Term Voluntary Life Insurance Certificate

Non-Participating

Hope College Employee Benefit Plan (The Plan) has been established to provide welfare benefits for its eligible employees and their eligible dependents.

The Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA) requires that the Plan Administrator provide you with a Summary Plan Description which discloses required information about the employee benefit plan. The following section entitled "Summary Plan Description" is not part of the Group Insurance Policy. The information in the Summary Plan Description is provided by the Plan Administrator who is the Policyholder and is included in this Certificate for your convenience. This Summary Plan Description applies only to the benefits under the Plan to the extent they are funded by the Group Insurance Policy issued by Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada. Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada assumes no responsibility for the accuracy or sufficiency of the information in the Summary Plan Description.

SUMMARY PLAN DESCRIPTION

Plan Sponsor: Hope College

100 E 8th Street Suite #210

Holland, MI 49423

Plan Administrator and Named Fiduciary:

Hope College 100 E 8th Street Suite #210 Holland, MI 49423

The Plan Administrator has authority to control and manage the operation and administration of the Plan, except that Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada makes all benefit claim determinations under the Group Insurance Policy.

Agent for Service of Legal Process for the Plan:

Hope College 100 E 8th Street Suite #210 Holland, MI 49423

Service of Legal Process for Sun Life:

General Counsel 1 Sun Life Executive Park Wellesley Hills, MA 02481

Employer Identification Number (EIN): 38-1381271

Plan Number: 501

End of Plan Year: June 30th

Type of Administration: The Plan is 0 1 0 37aCN3Htificate 093193hor3PTl89n:

Claims Procedure: When you or your beneficiary wish to file a claim under the Plan, you should contact your personnel office for claim forms and instructions for filing. Your Certificate explains the procedure for filing a claim under the Group Insurance Policy.

If your claim for benefits is denied in whole or in part, you will receive a written notice within the time required by ERISA from the date you filed your claim, stating the reasons why your claim was denied. You will then have the right, upon written notice from you or your authorized representative, to review that claim denial. The claim denial notice will include the name and address of the person you may ask for such a review. Additional information about claims submitted and review procedures may be obtained by contacting your Plan Administrator.

Your Rights under ERISA:

As a participant in the Plan, you are entitled to certain rights and protections under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). ERISA provides that all plan participants shall be entitled to:

Receive Information About Your Plan and Benefits

- Examine, without charge, at the Plan Administrator's office and at other specified locations, such as worksites
 and union halls, all documents governing the Plan, including insurance contracts and collective bargaining
 agreements, and a copy of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) filed by the Plan with the U.S.
 Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Employee Benefits Security
 Administration.
- Obtain, upon written request to the Plan Administrator, copies of documents governing the operation of the Plan, including insurance contracts and collective bargaining agreements, and copies of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) and updated summary plan description. The Plan Administrator may make a reasonable charge for the copies.
- Receive a summary of the plan's annual financial report, if required by ERISA. The Plan Administrator is required by law to furnish each participant with a copy of this summary annual report.

Prudent Actions by Plan Fiduciaries

In addition to creating rights for Plan participants, ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of the Plan. The people who operate your plan, called "fiduciaries" of the Plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the interest of you and other Plan participants and beneficiaries. No one, including your employer, your union, or any other person, may fire you or otherwise discriminate against you in any way to prevent you from obtaining a benefit or exercising your rights under ERISA.

Enforce Your Rights

If your claim for a benefit is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you have a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules.

Under ERISA, there are steps you can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if you request a copy of Plan Documents or the latest annual report from the Plan and do not receive them within 30 days, you may file suit in a Federal court. In such a case, the court may require the Plan Administrator to provide the materials and pay you up to \$110 a day until you receive the materials, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the Plan Administrator.

If you have a claim for benefits which is denied or ignored, in whole or in part and if you have exhausted the claims and appeal procedures described in the Certificate, you may file suit in a state or Federal court. If it should happen that Plan fiduciaries misuse the Plan's money, or if you are discriminated against for asserting your rights, you may seek assistance of the U.S. Department of Labor, or you may file suit in a Federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If you are successful the court may order the person you have sued to pay these costs and fees. If you lose, the court may order you to pay these costs and fees, for example, if it finds your claim is frivolous.

Assistance with Your Questions

If you have questions about your Plan, you should contact the Plan Administrator. If you have any questions about this statement or about your rights under ERISA, or if you need assistance in obtaining documents from the Plan Administrator, you should contact the nearest office of the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, listed in your telephone directory or the Division of Technical Assistance and Inquiries, Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, DC 20210. You may also obtain certain publications about your rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publications hotline of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.